Westslope Cutthroat Trout (*Oncorhynchus lewisi*) Conservation Status Rank Summary

March 7, 2024

For details on assessment and ranking methodology, see: <u>Conservation Status Assessment Definitions, Process,</u>
<u>Rank Factors, and Calculation of State Ranks for Montana Species</u>

Rarity and Trends

Rank Factor	Factor Date Assessed Value		Score Data Source		Comments		
Rarity							
Range Extent	2024-02-20	Y: 150426.2 km²	3.930	MTNHP Range Maps	None		
Area of Occupancy			-		Factor not used in ranking.		
Number of Occurrences			-		Factor not used in ranking.		
Population Size			-		Factor not used in ranking.		
# of Occurrences in Good Condition			-		Factor not used in ranking.		
% of Area Occupied in Good Condition			-		Factor not used in ranking.		
Environmental Specificity	2025-02-18	Narrow	1.830		None		

Rarity is calculated by averaging weighted factor scores: $((3.93 \times 1) + (1.83 \times 1)) / 2 = 2.88$

Trends									
Short-term Trend	2024-02-20	[-20.0, 1.0%]	[-0.070, 0.000]	Jaeger, M. et al. 2022; Steed et al. 2022; Uthe, P. et al 2021; MTFWP expert opinion	Species is generally stable to slightly declining within Montana				
Long-term Trend	2024-02-20	-66.0%	-0.220	Shepard et al. 2003	Species has declined by an estimated 61% since European colonization. Over 2/3rds of known populations are hybridized (MT Fish Layer)				

Trends score is calculated by summing weighted short and long-term trend scores: $(([-0.07, 0.00] \times 2) + (-0.22 \times 1)) = [-0.36, -0.22]$

Threats

Rank Factor Date Assessed		Value	Score Data Source		Comments		
Threats							
Overall Threat Very high 0.000 None							
Intrinsic Vulnerability	2025-02-18	Moderately vulnerable	-		Factor not used in ranking.		

Threat score is calculated from Overall Threat Impact when available or Intrinsic Vulnerability if not: (0.00) = 0.00

Individual Threats Data

Threat Category	Date Assessed	Impact Score	Scope	Severity	Immediacy	Comments
Invasive & Other Problematic Species, Genes & Diseases	2024-02-20	Very high	Pervasive	Extreme	High	Competition and hybridization with nonnative species
Climate Change & Severe Weather	2024-02-20	Medium	Pervasive	Moderate	High	Bell et al. 2021. Climate change and expanding invasive species drive widespread declines of native trout in the northern Rocky Mountains, USA.

Threat Tally: 1 - Very High, 0 - High, 1 - Medium, 0 - Low Overall Threat Impact* = Very high

^{*}See <u>Conservation Status Assessment Definitions</u>, <u>Process</u>, <u>Rank Factors</u>, <u>and Calculation of State Ranks for Montana Species</u> for calculation of Overall Threat Impact based on the number and impact of individual threats.

Conservation Status Rank Calculation

Raw score

Rarity: $(2.88 \times 70\%)$ + Threats: $(0.00 \times 30\%)$ + Trends: ([-0.36, -0.22]) = [1.66, 1.80]

Calculated Rank: S2

Accepted Rank	S2					
Date Approved	2024-09-30					
Approval Authority	Montana Species of Concern Committee					
Rank Justification Species is Widely distributed but is facing significant threats from habit and hybridization with other trout species						

Supplementary Information

Montana Natural Heritage Program. 2021. Conservation Status Assessment Definitions, Process, Rank Factors, and Calculation of State Ranks for Montana Species. 18 p.

https://mtnhp.mt.gov/docs/Montana State Rank Criteria 20211201.pdf

Montana Field Guide Species Account:

https://fieldguide.mt.gov/speciesDetail.aspx?elcode=AFCHA02088

Predicted Suitable Habitat Model:

https://mtnhp.mt.gov/resources/models/?elcode=AFCHA02088

Information Needs

Information needs are assessed by considering the availability of factors used to assess species status as well as the quality of these assessments. Current information availability and quality to inform Conservation Status Rank for this species are highlighted.

Rank	Assessment		Criteria				
Factor	Category	Value					
General	General Status Status Quality		Calculated rank has low uncertainty and is represented by a single rank (e.g. S3); accepted rank may be adjusted to a range rank (e.g. S2S3)				
Status			Rank assessed as SU or calculated rank has notable uncertainty and corresponds to a range rank with 2 or more values (e.g. S2?, S1S3, or S4S5)				
			Range polygon adequately represents area of probable occupancy and does not include substantial unoccupied areas; range may be adequately defined and still include areas of unsuitable habitat (e.g. mountain ranges for plains species)				
	Range Quality	Marginal	Range polygon defined, but may include or exclude notable areas where the species may or may not occur on the landscape				
Rarity		Poor	Range polygon not defined				
		Adequate	Species-habitat relationship is well-defined (e.g. relevant literature or robust habitat model available)				
	Habitat Quality	Marginal	Understanding of species-habitat relationship is adequate among some but not all habitats (e.g. literature covers similar habitats outside of Montana or habitat model performance is only somewhat adequate)				
		Poor	Species-habitat relationship is not well understood				
		Adequate	Threat Impact is a single value (including "Unthreatened")				
Threats	Throat Quality	Marginal	Threat Impact assessed at more than one value (e.g. "High - Medium")				
inreats	Threat Quality	Poor	Threat Impact is Unknown but Intrinsic Vulnerability is assessed				
		Unknown	Threat Impact is Unknown and Intrinsic Vulnerability is not assessed				
		Current	Short-term Trend assessment date less than 10 years old				
	Recency	Out of Date but Adequate	Short-term Trend assessment date is more than 10 years old or Unknown, but species is Unthreatened				
		Out of Date	Short-term Trend assessment date more than 10 years old				
		Not Available	Short-term Trend data are not available				
Trends	Trend Quality	Sufficient	Short-term Trend assessed at a single value or multiple values with a minimum trend greater than -10% (stable or increasing)				
		Unknown but Sufficient	Short-term Trend is Unknown, but species is Unthreatened				
		Poor	Short-term Trend is less than -10% (in decline) with two or more values selected				
		Unknown	Short-term Trend is Unknown				

Summary of Information Availability

Information to rank the species are generally available. Short-term trend has a high degree of uncertainty associated with the assessment.

Summary of Information Needs

Ongoing monitoring to better determine trend and explore impacts of threats.

Additional Threat Details

The table below contains the complete threats assessment for this species. While the Conservation Status Rank Calculation is based on cumulative, broadly categorized (Level 1) threats data, threats are assessed and tracked for more specifically categorized (Level 2) threats when available.

Threat Category	Date Assessed	Assessed By	Data Source	Scope	Severity	Imme- diacy	Comments
Invasive & Other Problematic Species, Genes & Diseases - 8.1 - Invasive Non-Native/Alien Species/Diseases	2024-02-20	Pat Clancy	Jaeger, M. et al. 2022;Bell et al. 2021; Knotek, Ladd. 2024. Personal communic ation, MFWP.	Pervasive	Extreme	High	Competition and hybridization with nonnative species
Climate Change & Severe Weather - 11.1 - Habitat Shifting & Alteration	2024-02-20	Pat Clancy	Bell et al. 2021	Pervasive	Moderate	High	Bell et al. 2021. Climate change and expanding invasive species drive widespread declines of native trout in the northern Rocky Mountains, USA.